Trường THPT chuyên Lương Thế Vinh		I THỬ TRUNG HỌC PHÔ THÔNG QUỐC GIA NĂM 2017 Môn: Tiếng Anh		
ĐỀ THI THỬ (Đề thi có 4 trang)		Ngày kiểm tra: 02/04/2017 Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề		
Họ, tên thí sinh: Số báo danh:				Mã đề thi 135
Mark the letter A, B, C or a other three in pronunciation	D on your answer sheet to in n in each of the following qu		se underlined part	differs from the
Question 1: A. whis <u>tle</u>	B. li <u>t</u> tle	C. gen <u>t</u> le	D. battle	
Question 2: A. wicked	B. sacr <u>ed</u>	C. belov <u>ed</u>	D. helped	
Mark the letter A, B, C or D position of primary stress ir	D on your answer sheet to i 1 each of the following quest		differs from the o	ther three in the
Question 3: A. integral	B. terrific	C. museum	D. cathedral	
Question 4: A. architectural	B. cosmopolitan	C. appreciative	D. archeologist	
Mark the letter A, B, C or l of the following questions.				
because [C] the larvae feed of				
Question 6: It is important the successful cure.	aat cancer <u>is diagnosed</u> [A] an	d <u>treated</u> [B] <u>as early as</u>	s possible [C] in ord	er <u>to assure</u> [D] a
Question 7: Rarely the Park all times [D].	Service allows [A] dogs to vis	sit [B] the national park	s <u>except those</u> [C] k	ept on a leash <u>at</u>
Mark the letter A, B, C or questions.	r D on your answer sheet	to indicate the correc	ct answer to each	of the following
Question 8: Snow and rain _	of nature.			
A. are phenomenon	B. are phenomena	C. is phenomena	*	menon
A. hadn't	t we rushed to the airport B. should have	C. mustn't	ed by several hours. D. needn't l	nave
Question 10: It was a service A. to which	e I will be eternally gratef B. for which	ul. C. to whom	D. for whom	n
Question 11: Mary didn't me A. concerning	ention about her progress B. to concern	report at work, but I'm C. being concerned	sure she is. D. to be con	ncerned
Question 12: With the help of A. as twice many	of German experts, the factory B. as many as twice		2016 as the year before D. twice as	
Question 13: Making mistak A. chalk and cheese	es is all of growing up. B. top and bottom	C. part and parcel	D. odds and	lends
Question 14: As the drug too A. force	bk, the patient became qui B. influence	eter. C. action	D. effect	
Question 15: The players' pr A. made	otests no difference to the B. did	e referee's decision at a C. caused	ll. D. created	
Question 16: I didn't get hon A. returned	ne until after midnight last nig B. had returned	ght. Otherwise, I yo C. would return		ave returned
Question 17: I object the A. at / on	e way some people look down B. to / on	<pre> you just because y C. to / at</pre>	ou're a foreigner. D. with / or	l
Question 18: The governme helmets.	ent is thinking of bringing _	a law to make it co	ompulsory for cycli	sts to wear crash
A. on	B. up	C. in	D. round	
Question 19: He talks about A. at	football for hours end. B. with	C. on	D. off	
Mark the letter A, B, C or I following questions.	O on your answer sheet to in	dicate the most suitab	le response to com	plete each of the
Question 20: - John: Do you - Laura:	think that we should use pub	lic transportation to pro	otect our environmen	nt?

A. Yes, it's an absurd idea		B. There's no doubt about	ut it.
C. Of course not. You bet.		D. Well, that's very surp	rising.
Question 21: - Jane: Tom's the	best singer in our school.		
- Mary:			
A. Yes, tell me about it!		B. That's OK!	
C. I can't agree with you n	nore!	D. Yes, please.	
Mark the letter A, B, C or D o underlined word(s) in each of	•	licate the word(s) CLOS	EST in meaning to the
Question 22: Public service an	nouncements on radio and t	television are provided free	e charge to qualifying agencies.
A. deliveries	B. advertisers	C. regulations	D. statements
kind-hearted artist who always		piece.	Illiam Sydney Porter, is a simple,
A. a good principle C. a large piece of painting	g	B. an expensive piece of D. an excellent work of a	
Mark the letter A, B, C or D o underlined word(s) in each of	5	licate the word(s) OPPOS	SITE in meaning to the
Question 24: I clearly remember A. deliberate		e meeting last summer. C. accidental	D. unintentional
Question 25: One of the reason A. unaware	ns why families break up is th B. supportive	hat parents are always <u>crit</u> C. intolerant	<u>ical</u> of each other. D. tired
	on your answer sheet to in	dicate the sentence that	is closest in meaning to each of
the following questions.	n S L L		
Question 26: Were it not for t		't be worthwhile.	
A. This job offers a poor s			
B. This job is rewarding at	kes this job worthwhile is the	money	
D. Although the salary is p		, money.	
Question 27: Invitations were	•	e of the conference was c	hosen.
-	tations, the date of the confe		
B. Choose the date of the conference before sending out invitations.			
C. Hardly had the date of the conference been chosen when invitations were sent out.			
Ũ	of the conference, invitation		
Question 28: No matter how h		ght, he did not succeed.	
	d, he could not lose weight.		
B. Fred tried very hard to lose weight and succeeded.C. It was hard for Fred to lose weight because he never succeeded.			
D. It did not matter whethe		succedul	
Mark the letter A, B, C or I sentences in the following que	-	indicate the sentence th	nat best combines each pair of
Question 29: I lent him some		ntinue his study at colleg	e.
-	so as he will continue his stu	•	
	in and an that has a sould a section		

B. I lent him some money in order that he could continue his study at college.

C. I lent him some money so that to continue his study at college.

D. I lent him some money for him continue his study at college.

Question 30: Everyone was watching the little dog. They were greatly amused at it.

A. Everyone felt great and amused when the little dog was watching them.

B. The little dog was watching everyone with great amusement.

C. The little dog was greatly amused by the way everyone was watching it.

D. Everyone was greatly amused at the little dog they were watching.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 31 to 35.

TRAVEL BOOKS OF THE YEAR

The best travel books of this year fall into three main categories: purely informational, narrative, and what, for (31) _____ of a better term, I'll call 'anecdotal'. Between these broad categories, however, the boundaries are (32) _____. One problem with putting travel writers into genres is that they are reluctant to be pigeon-holed. Many of them see their role as a (33) _____ of the documentary and the creative.

Some claim to be more novelists, employing some of the elements of fiction writing. Others regard themselves as sociologists, exploring the customs and mores of other societies. At the end of the day, what (34) _____ is how readable or useful the book is, and in many cases, how well it is presented. However, it is quite clear that travel and books were (35) _____ for each other.

Question 31: A. want	B. absence	C. shortage	D. need
Question 32: A. misted	B. blurred	C. blended	D. sketchy
Question 33: A. merger	B. mixture	C. cross	D. compound
Question 34: A. counts	B. reckons	C. bears	D. signifies
Question 35: A. given	B. cut	C. lent	D. made

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 36 to 42.

The food we eat seems to have profound effects on our health. Although science has made enormous steps in making food more fit to eat, it has, at the same time, made many foods unfit to eat. Some research has shown that perhaps eighty percent of all human illnesses are related to diet and forty percent of cancer is related to the diet as well, especially cancer of the colon. People of different cultures are more **prone** to contract certain illnesses because of the characteristic foods they consume.

That food is related to illness is not a new discovery. In 1945, government researchers realized that nitrates and nitrites (commonly used to preserve color in meats) as well as other food additives caused cancer. Yet, **these** carcinogenic **additives** remain in our food, and it becomes more difficult all the time to know which ingredients on the packaging labels of processed food are helpful or harmful.

The additives that we eat are not all so direct. Farmers often give penicillin to cattle and poultry, and because of this, penicillin has been found in the milk of treated cows. Sometimes similar drugs are administered to animals not for medicinal purposes, but for financial reasons. The farmers are simply trying to fatten the animals in order to obtain a higher price on the market. Although the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has tried repeatedly to control these procedures, the practices continue.

A healthy diet is directly related to good health. Often we are unaware of detrimental substances we ingest. Sometimes well-meaning farmers or others who do not realize the consequences add these substances to food without our knowledge.

Question 36: How has science done a disservice to people?

A. The scientists have preserved the color of meats, but not of vegetables.

B. It caused a lack of information concerning the value of food.

C. As a result of scientific intervention, some potentially harmful substances have been added to our food.

D. Because of science, disease caused by contaminated food has been virtually eradicated.

Question 37: The word " prone " is nearest in r	meaning to
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A. supine	B. unlikely	C. predisposed	D. healthy	
Question 38: What are n	trates used for?			
A. They preserve flavor in packaged foods.		B. They cause the animals to become fatter.		
C. They are the objects of research.		D. They preserve the color of meats.		
Question 39: The word "	these" refers to	<u>.</u>		
A. researchers	B. nitrates and nitrites	C. meats	D. colors	
Question 40: The word "additives" is closest in meaning to				
A. added substances	B. benign substances	C. dangerous subs	tances D. natural substances	
Question 41: All of the following statements are true EXCEPT				
A. Researchers have known about the potential hazards of food additives for more than forty-five years.				
B. Food may cause forty percent of the cancer in the world.				
C. Drugs are always given to animals for medical reasons.				
D. Some of the additives in our food are added to the food itself and some are given to the living animals.				

Question 42: What is the best title for this passage?

A. Harmful and Harmless Substances in Food **C.** The Food You Eat Can Affect Your Health

- **B.** Improving Health through a Natural Diet
- **D.** Avoiding Injurious Substances in Food

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 43 to 50.

Psychologists have debated a long time about whether a child's upbringing can give it the ability to do outstandingly well. Some think that it is impossible to develop genius and say that it is simply something a person is born with. **Others**, however, argue that the potential for great achievement can be developed. The truth lies somewhere between these two extremes.

It seems very obvious that being born with the right qualities from gifted parents will increase a child's ability to do well. However, this ability will be fully realized only with the right upbringing and opportunities. As one psychologist says, "To have a fast car, you need both a good engine and fuel."

Scientists have recently assessed intelligence, achievement, and ability in 50 sets of identical twins that were separated shortly after birth and brought up by different parents. They found that achievement was based on intelligence, and later influenced by the child's environment. One case involving very intelligent twins was quoted. One of the twins received a normal upbringing, and performed well. The other twin, however, was brought up by extremely supportive parents and given every possible opportunity to develop its abilities. That twin, though starting out with the same degree of intelligence as the other, performed even better. This case reflects the general principle of intelligence and ability. The more **favorable** the environment, the more a child's intelligence and ability are developed. However, there is no link between intelligence and the socioeconomic level of a child's family. In other words, it does not matter how poor or how rich a family is, as this does not affect intelligence.

Gifted people cannot be created by supportive parents, but they can be developed by them. One professor of music said that outstanding musicians usually started two or three years earlier than ordinary performers, often because their parents had recognized their ability. These musicians then needed at least ten years' hard work and training in order to reach the level they were capable of attaining. People who want to have very gifted children are given the following advice:

- Marry an intelligent person.

- Allow children to follow their own interests rather than the interests of the parents

- Start a child's education early but avoid pushing the child too hard.

- Encourage children to play; for example, playing with musical instruments is essential for a child who wants to become an outstanding musician.

Question 43: The upbringing of high	lv intelligent childr	en requires	
A. an expensive education		B. good musical instrum	ients
C. parental support and encourage	gement	D. wealthy and loving particular	
Question 44: The word "others" use		aph refers to .	
	her scientists		D. other geniuses
Question 45: When scientists studied	l intelligence and al	oility in twins, they found th	nat
A. ability depends mainly on int	elligence and achie	vement	
B. intelligence and development	are irrelevant to ab	ility	
C. ability depends both on intell	igence and on envir	onment	
D. different twins generally have	e different levels of	ability	
Question 46: Scientists chose twins f	for their study becar	ıse	
A. each twin has the same enviro	onment as his/her tw	vin	
B. they are born into the same fa	mily, hence the sam	ne upbringing	
C. they have the same economic	background and he	ence the same opportunities	
D. they have the same genetic ba	ackground, usually	with similar intelligence	
Question 47: How were great musici	ans different from	ordinary musicians in their of	development?
A. Their ability was realized at a	in early stage and th	en nurtured.	_
B. They practice playing their in	struments for many	years.	
C. They concentrated on music t	to the exclusion of o	other areas.	
D. They were exceptionally inte	lligent and artistic.		
Question 48: The remark: "To have	a fast car, you nee	d both a good engine and	fuel." in the passage means that i
order to become a genius			
A. you need to have good health	and good nourishn	nent	
B. you need intelligence and you	i need to develop it		

C. you should try to move quickly and efficiently

D. you must nourish your brain and train your muscles hard

Question 49: The word "favorable" in the passage mostly means_

A. "good for someone and making him/her likely to be successful"

B. "helping somebody to be more intelligent compared to other people"

C. "of high quality or an acceptable standard"

D. "under the control or in the power of somebody else"

Question 50: All of the following statements are true EXCEPT _

A. a child's intelligence is influenced by that of his/ her parents

B. to become successful, a child needs both native intelligence and development

C. studying different twins is a useful scientific procedure

D. educational development depends completely on economic well-being

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