SỞ GD&ĐT VĨNH PHÚC TRƯỜNG THPT YÊN LẠC 2

KỲ THI THỬ THPTQG LẦN 1 NĂM HỌC 2018 - 2019 ĐỀ THI MÔN TIẾNG ANH KHỐI 12

Thời gian làm bài 60 phút, không kể thời gian giao đề. Đề thi gồm 05 trang.

Mã đề: 146 Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions. Question 1.Despite her cries, no one came to his assistance. **B.** suggestion A. help **C.** hindrance **D.** belief Question 2.If it's raining tomorrow, we'll have to postpone the match till Sunday. **B.** putoff **C.** putaway **A.** play **D.** cancel Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions. **Question 3.A.** employ **B.** effort **C.** express **D.** reduce **Question 4.A.** engage **C.** verbal **B.** maintain **D.** attract Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions **Question 5.**My mother takes responsibility _______running the household. A. about **B.** with C. at **D.** for **Question 6.** Vietnamese children are taught at a very young age to obey and look _____ elderly people. **B.** down on **C.** away from **D.** out of A. up to **Question 7.** Nobody took any_____of the warning and they went swimming in the contaminated water. **B.** attention **C**, information **D**. notice A. sight Question 8. Reagan ______ an actor years ago. A. was said having been **B.** is said to being **D.** was said being **C.** is said to have been **Question 9.I** must thank the man from I got the present. **B.** which **C.** who **A.** that **D.** whom we work with her, we get confused because of her fast speaking pace. **Question 10. B.** at time **C.** Whenever **D.** Although A. So that Question 11. His achievements were partly due to the ______ of his wife. **B.** assisted **C.** assist **D.** assistant A. assistance Question 12. He wanted to know _____. **A.** where can he change some money **B.** where he can change some money **C.** where he could change some money **D.** where could he change some money **Question 13.** If I won the lottery, I _____ you half the money. **C.** gave A. had given **B.** give **D.** would give **Question 14.** When I came to visit her last night, she ______ a bath. **C.** is having **D.** was having A. had **B.** has **Question 15.** Kathy is a very _____ girl. She can make friends easily even though she is in a strange place

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word (s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word (s) in the following question

Question 17. Pointing	at someone is considered	ed <u>rude</u> in communication	on.
A. impolite	B. humorous	C. polite	D. generous
Question 18. This poin	t has been dealt with in	the preceding paragrap	h.
A. following	B. heading	C. previous	D. before

Mark the letter A, B, C or D in your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 19. The fir	st postage stampsissued i	n New York City <u>in</u> 18	342.
A. issued	B. stamps	C. the first	D. in
Question 20. When I	will see her tomorrow, I	will tell her the truth. I'r	n sure she will be very <u>happy.</u>
A. truth	B. happy	C. will tell	D. will see
Question 21.She sai	d her father that she would	<u>ld go</u> shopping with <u>hi</u>	<u>m</u> the following day.
A. him	B. that	C. would go	D. said

Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer.

A number of factors related to the voice reveal the personality of the speaker.

The first is the broad area of communication, which includes imparting information by use of language, communicating with a group or an individual and specialized communication through performance. A person conveys thoughts and ideas through choice of words, by a tone of voice that is pleasant or unpleasant, gentle or harsh, by the rhythm that is inherent within the language itself, and by speech rhythms that are flowing and regular or uneven and hesitant, and finally, by the pitch and melody of the utterance. When speaking before a group, a person's tone may indicate uncertainty or fright, confidence or calm. *At interpersonal levels, the tone may reflect ideas and feelings over and above the words chosen*, or may believe them. *Here*, the participant's tone can consciously or unconsciously reflect intuitive sympathy or antipathy, lack of concern or interest, fatigue, anxiety, enthusiasm or excitement, all of which are usually discernible by the acute listener. Public performance is a manner of communication that is highly specialized with its own techniques for obtaining effects by voice and /or gesture. The motivation *derived* from the text, and in the case of singing, the music, in combination with the performer's skills, personality, and ability to create empathy will determine the success of *artistic, political, or pedagogic communication*.

Second, the voice gives psychological clues to a person's self-image, perception of others, and emotional health. Self-image can be indicated by a tone of voice *that* is confident, pretentious, shy, aggressive, outgoing, or exuberant, to name only a few personality traits. Also the sound may give a clue to the facade or mask of that person, for example, a shy person hiding behind an overconfident front.

How a speaker perceives the listener's receptiveness, interest, or sympathy in any given conversation can *drastically* alter the tone of presentation, by encouraging or discouraging the

speaker. Emotional health is *evidenced* in the voice by free and melodic sounds of the happy, by constricted and harsh sound of the angry, and by dull and lethargic qualities of the depressed.

Question 22.What does the passage mainly discuss?

A. Communication styles.

B. The function of the voice in performance.

C. The production of speech.

D. The connection between voice and personality.

Question 23. According to the passage, an exuberant tone of voice may be an indication of a person's

A. vocal quality **B.** general physical health **C.** ability to communicate **D.** personality **Ouestion 24.** The word "evidenced" in the last paragraph is closest in meaning to A. indicated **B.** questioned **C.** exaggerated **D.** repeated **Question 25.** The word "**derived**" in paragraph one is closest in meaning to _____. **B.** discussed A. obtained **C.** registered **D.** prepared **Ouestion 26.** Why does the author mention "artistic, political, or pedagogic communication" in paragraph 1? **A.** To contrast them to singing **B.** As examples of public performance **C.** As examples of basic styles of communication **D.** To introduce the idea of self-image Question 27. According to the passage, an overconfident front may hide **D.** friendliness **B.** strength **C.** hostility **A.** shyness **Question 28.** The word "that" in paragraph 2 refer to _____. **C.** tone of voice **B.** personality A. Self-image **D.** psychological **Ouestion 29.** What does the author mean by staring that "*At interpersonal levels, the tone may* reflect ideas and feelings over and above the words chosen''? **A.** Feelings are more difficult to express than ideas.

B. A high tone of voice reflects an emotional communication.

C. The tone of voice can carry information beyond the meaning of words.

D. Feelings are expressed with different words than ideas are.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 30 to 34.

The General Certificate of Secondary Education or the GCSE examinations for (30)______ are the standard school-leaver qualifications taken by virtually all UK students in the May and June following their 16th birthday. If you come to a UK independent school before (31)______ the age of 16, you will study towards GCSE examinations in up to 12 subjects. Some subjects are compulsory, including English and mathematics, and you can select (32)_____, such as music, drama, geography and history from a series of options. GCSEs provide a good all-round education that you can build on at college and eventually at university.

AS- and A-levels are taken after GCSEs. They are the UK qualifications most (33)______ accepted for entry to university and are available in subjects from the humanities, arts, sciences and social sciences as well as in vocational subjects such (34)_____ engineering, and leisure and tourism. You can study up to four subjects at the same time for two years.

Question 30.A. bigB. smallC. longD. short

Question 31.A. reach	B. reaching	C. being reached	D. to reach
Question 32.A. other	B. another	C. each other	D. others
Question 33. A. wide	B. widen	C. widely	D. width
Question 34.A. for	B. as	C.like	D. so

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable respond to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 35."What a lovely house that you have!	"_""
A. I have no idea.	B. Thanks. It is a nice compliment.
C. Nothing special.	D. Yes, of course.
Question 36. Host: "I'm terribly sorry for this inco	onvenience." Guest: ""
A. Fine, thanks	B. It's not your fault
C. I'll do better next time	D. It's mine. I came late

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest in each of the following questions.

Question 37.A. watched	B. stopp <u>ed</u>	C. liv <u>ed</u>	D. cook <u>ed</u>
Question 38.A. clean	B. br <u>ea</u> d	C. l <u>ea</u> n	D. l <u>ea</u> d

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that bestcombines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 39.He didn't take his father's advice. That's why he is out of work now.

A. If he had taken his father's advice, he would not have been out of work now.

B. If he had taken his father's advice, he would not be out of work now.

C. If he took his father's advice, he would not be out of work now.

D. If he takes his father's advice, he will not be out of work now.

Question 40. The old man is working in this factory. I borrowed his bicycle yesterday.

A. The old man whose bicycle I borrowed yesterday is working in this factory.

B. The old man whom I borrowed his bicycle yesterday is working in this factory.

C. The old man whom is working in this factory I borrowed his bicycle yesterday.

D. The old man is working in this factory which I borrowed his bicycle yesterday.

Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer.

Martin Luther King, Jr., is well known for his work in civil rights and for his many famous speeches, among them is his moving "I Have A Dream" speech. But fewer people know much about King's childhood. M.L., as he was called, was born in 1929 in Atlanta, Georgia, at the home of his maternal grandfather. M.L.'s grandfather, the Reverend A.D. Williams, purchased their home on Auburn Avenue in 1909, twenty years before M.L. was born. The Reverend Williams, an eloquent speaker, played an important role in the community since so many people's lives centered around the church. He allowed his church and his home to be used as a meeting place for a number of organizations dedicated to the education and social advancement of blacks. M.L. grew up in this atmosphere, with his home being used as a community **gathering** place, and was no doubt influenced by it.

M.L.'s childhood was not especially eventful. His father was a minister and his mother was a musician. He was the second of three children, and he attended all-black schools in a black neighborhood. The neighborhood was not poor, however. Auburn Avenue was the main artery

through a prosperous neighborhood that had come to symbolize achievement for Atlanta's black people. It was an area of banks, insurance companies, builders, jewelers, **tailors**, doctors, lawyers, and other black-owner, black-operated businesses, and services. Even in the face of Atlanta's segregation, the district thrived. Dr. King never forgot the community spirit he had known as a child, nor did he forget the racial prejudice that was a seemingly insurmountable barrier that kept black Atlanta from mingling with whites.

Question 41. What is this A. the prejudice that of C. Martin Luther Kin	existed in Atlanta	B. the neighborhood D. Martin Luther Ki	
Question 42. The word "i	t" in paragraph 2 refers	to	
A. neighborhood	B. segregation	C. achievement	D. services
Question 43. The word "t	ailors" in paragraph 2 d	escribes people who a	are associated with which of
the following trades?			
A. garment making	B. shoe making	C. book binding	D. flower arranging
Question 44. According t	o the author, M.L		
A. loved to listen to his grandfather speak B. grew up in a relatively rich area of Atlanta.			
	is grandiation speak	D. grow up in a rola	it off field af ea of the and
C. had a difficult chil	U I	D. was a good music	-
	dhood	D. was a good music	-
C. had a difficult chil Question 45. According t	dhood	D. was a good music nfluenced by	cian as a child.
C. had a difficult chil Question 45. According t	dhood o the author, King was i B. community spirit	D. was a good music nfluenced by C. his mother	cian as a child. D. his speeches
C. had a difficult chil Question 45. According t A. black lawyers	dhood o the author, King was i B. community spirit	D. was a good music nfluenced by C. his mother 1 could best be replace	cian as a child. D. his speeches ced by
C. had a difficult chil Question 45. According t A. black lawyers Question 46. The word "g	dhood o the author, King was i B. community spirit gathering" in paragraph B. picking	D. was a good music nfluenced by C. his mother 1 could best be replac C. learning	cian as a child. D. his speeches ced by D. exciting
C. had a difficult chil Question 45. According to A. black lawyers Question 46. The word "g A. meeting	dhood o the author, King was i B. community spirit gathering" in paragraph B. picking o the author, blacks in K	D. was a good music nfluenced by C. his mother 1 could best be replac C. learning	cian as a child. D. his speeches ced by D. exciting

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentences which is closest in meaning to the given one. Question 48. "Don't forget to do your homework", the teacher told us.

A. The teacher reminded us not to forget to do your homework.

B. The teacher told us do not forget to do our homework.

C. The teacher told us to not forget to do our homework.

D. The teacher reminded us to do our homework.

Question 49. Many people think Steve stole the money.

A. It was not Steve who stole the money.

B. Many people think the money is stolen by Steve.

C. Steve is thought to have stolen the money.

D. The money is thought to be stolen by Steve.

Question 50. Jane hasn't played the piano since 2005.

A. The last time Jane played the piano in 2005

B. Jane has played the piano in 2005

C. The last time Jane played the piano was 2005.

D. Jane last played the piano was 2005.

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Đáp án gồm 01 trang.

Đáp án mã đề: 146

01. A; 02.B; 03.B; 04.C; 05.D; 06.A; 07.D; 08.C; 09.D; 10. C; 11. A; 12. C; 13.D; 14.D; 15.C; 16.C; 17.C; 18.A; 19.A; 20. D; 21. D; 22. D; 23.D; 24.A; 25.A; 26.C; 27.A; 28.B; 29.C; 30. D; 31. B; 32. D; 33.C; 34.B; 35.B; 36.B; 37.C; 38.B; 39.B; 40. A; 41. C; 42. A; 43.B; 44.B; 45.B; 46.A; 47.B; 48.D; 49.C; 50. A;