Da phuc high school School year 2018- 2019

1. Content: From Unit 1 to Unit 8

- **2. Pronunciation:** The endings "s" and "ed", and other vowels
 - Stress in two- syllable, three- syllable and more than three- syllable words
- 3. Grammar: - Tenses
 - Reported speech
 - Passive voice
 - Conditional sentences
 - Relative clauses

EXERCISES

I. Choose the underlined word or phrase that needs correcting in each of the following sentences

- 1. Jane asked Brian that he had ever been to South-east Asia and he said he had.
- 2. I don't know why is the elevator not working properly today.
- 3. In the end, she quit the job because it was too bored.
- 4. Many couples who both work must hire someone to take care of their children for they
- 5. Why don't you congratulate our son about passing his final exam?
- 6. Now that I've become old, I can't read as quick as I used to.
- 7. There are many another people who are members of the swim club.
- 8. The notebook list every opportunities for handicapped workers in the area.
- 9. In my opinion, the new foreign coach does his job relative well.
- 10. Liquids take the shape of any container which in they are placed.
- 11. If we don't save water, we will have no fresh waters to use.
- 12. John had his car to repair yesterday.
- 13. It is three months since he works in this company.
- 14. In <u>a hospital</u>, <u>everything have to</u> be very <u>clean</u>.
- 15. The doctor strongly advised her take a few days' rest.
- 16. Let's go to swim now. It's very hot.
- 17. I think your origin plan is the best one.
- 18. When he goes to see them last night, they were playing cards.
- 19. In my opinion, a most beautiful place in Vietnam is Dalat.
- 20. Did you say that you will have a lot of things to do the following week.
- 21. Whenever problems come up we often discuss about them frankly.
- 22. Many folk songs have been wrote about farmers and country life.
- 23. George isn't enough intelligent to pass this economics exam without help.
- 24. Unless you work harder, you will be sacked because of your lazy.
- 25. <u>The story telling by my grandfather was very interesting</u>.
- 26. Average family size has increased from the Victorian era.
- 27. They prefer to stay in their home country because family ties.
- 28. My father is a good family man, completely devoted for his wife and kids.
- 29. Some people enjoy preparing their own meals while another would rather eat out regularly.
- 30. A large number of Indian men agrees that it is unwise to confide in their wives.
- 31. My mother told me to watch the milk and don't let it boil over.

32. <u>An interview is a meeting which you are asked questions to see if you are suitable for doing a job.</u>

- 33. The manager sent on his new striker, whose scored a brilliant goal.
- 34. Some snakes have hollow teeth they are called fangs that they use to poison their victims.
- 35. It is normal for students to be nervous when they are prepared for a new school year

II. Choose the best answer among A, B, C or D to complete each of the following sentences:

secondary school at the ages from about 13 to 18. 1. In New Zealand, students

A. do B. assess C. take

2. Secondary school in Pakistan begins from grade 9 and for four years.

A. lasts B. spends C. requires D. prepare

3. What is your major at university? - I learn Physics. A. assessment B. evaluation C. subject D. purpose

D. attend

- 4. I had learned English when I was at high school. A. If B. Provided C. Unless D. If only
- 5. I saw a lot of new people at the party, seemed familiar.
- A. some of whom B. some of who C. whom D. some of that
- 6. February is the month _____ many of my colleagues take skiing holidays. A. when B. that C. in that D. which

	e have just been rescued
safely. A. which B. who C. that D. who	
8. Peter is trying his best to study in hope that he will fame and fortune in the n	
A. lose B. run C. move D. achieve	
9. Fee-paying schools are often called "independent schools", "private schools" or "	schools"
A. college B. primary C. secondary D. public	
10. Within few years, private space travel has gone from concept to re	
A. Ø / anB. the / theC. the / a11. Miss Linda speaksChinese very well although she is from UK.	D. a / Ø
A. the $/\emptyset$ B. a $/\emptyset$ C. the $/$ an	$D \not O / the$
A. the $/ \emptyset$ B. a $/ \emptyset$ C. the $/$ an12. She had not studied well, fortunately she passed the final exam.	$D. \phi$ the
A. although B. but C. despite D. in s	pite of
13. She is a friendly girl who gets everyone she meets. A. out of B. on with	C. away fromD. into
14. I had my sister take care my children while I was business.	
	D. of / on
15. Are you very familiar that new device?A. uponB. c	over C. with D. for
16. Mary is independent woman with wise and enthusiasm.A. an $/ \emptyset / \emptyset$ B. a / the / theC. the / a / anD. Ø /	
17. One of students said, " professor is late today." A. the / A B. the 18. I am still not accustomed the weather in London. Except weather,	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Ine} C, \emptyset / A D, a / \emptyset \\ \text{Ulike everything there} \end{array}$
A. up / over B. on / with C. to / for D. with	
19. Computers have had a great effect our lives since its appearance. A. on	
20. Peter is so that he never thinks of anything bad and unsuccessful.	
A. optimistic B. disappointed C. pessimistic D. kee	n
21. In case of, you can call me at the office. A. fiction B. automation C. urge	ency D. importance
22. GCSEs are often a requirement for taking A-levels, a common type of university	requirement.
A. entrance B. enclose C. attendance D. assessment	
23 the end of the course, the students have to take an exam on four basic skills P_{1} A_{2}	
A. InB. AtC. On24 it were well paid, I would accept this proposal.A. ProvidingB. Unless	D. For C. But for D. If only
25. You are not allowed to use the club's facilitiesyou are a member.	C. Dut for D. If only
	D. supposed
A. unless B. if C. provided 26. My favorite month is always February we celebrate Valentine's Day.	2. supposed
A. that B. which C. in when	D. in which
A. that B. which C. in when 27. Body language includes our, facial expressions, and gestures.	
A. posture B. mature C. picture D. body	
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A. posture B. mature C. picture D. body 28. Most	<i>lowing questions.</i> 6-year-old students. asking you. ress interest to D. appoint D. definitely D. answer

A. I love it.	B. My brother gave i	t to me.	
C. It was a gift from my brother.	D. I always put it the	re.	
3. Lucy: "You look really nice in that red sweater!"	- Sue : "	"	
A. Don't mention it. B. How dare you?	C. I'm afraid so	. D.	Thank you.
4. Mary: "The hat's so beautiful. Thanks."	- Tony: "	.,	
A. Lucky you! B. Great idea!	C. The same to y	vou! D.	I'm glad you like it.
5 You look great in this new dress	•		
A. With pleasure B. Not at all C.	I am glad you like it	D. Do not say a	nything about it
6 How well you are playing!	·		
A. Say it again. I like to hear your words	B. I think so. I a	m proud of myse	elf
C. Thank you too much D.	Many thanks. That is	a nice complime	ent
7. A: B: I'm in te		_	
	hat do you earn for a l	iving?	
C. How do you live? D. W	hat are you working?	-	
8. A: B: I start at	nine and finish at fou	r.	
	ow long do you work?	,	
	hen do you start and f		
9. A: a happy marriage should be based o			
	I see it		
•	you think		
·	do, but we have to ha	ve a doctor's no	te.
	you have days off?		
	you have a health ins	surance?	
V. Choose the word or phrase that is OPPOSITE in	-		each of the following
questions.	0	1	<i>v v G</i>
1. She had a <u>cozy</u> little apartment in Boston. A. un	ncomfortable B. w	arm C. lazy	D. dirty
2. There is growing <u>concern</u> about the way man has		-	5
A. ease B. attraction C. consideration	D. speculation	Ť	
3. Fruit and vegetables grew in abundance on the isl		en exported the	surplus.
	excess D. suffic		1
4. We offer a speedy and secure service of transferri		•	
A. uninterested B. unsure			
5. I'm interested in teaching profession because I low			
A. unconcerned B. worried C. unha			
6. Although it's a long day for us, we feel we a			
A. dissatisfied B. excited C. sho	cked D. inter	rested	
7. Look at the illustrations of different parts of a con	nputer system.		
A. together B. similar C. aver			
VI. Verb forms:			
1. She working on that manuscript for 2 ye	ars now. A. will be	B. has been	C. had been D. is
2. I there once a long time ago and			
A. went / have not been B. go / am not		D. was	going / had not been
3. She trying to pass her driving test but fat			6 6
A. kept B. is keeping	C. had kept	D. keep	S
A. kept B. is keeping 4. When Carol last night, I my favo	orite show on television	on.	
A. was calling / watched B. called / have was	tched C. called / wa	s watching	D. had called / watched
5. By this time next summer, you your stud			
A. completes B. will complete C.		D. will have cor	npleted
6. Right now, Jim the newspaper and Kath			
A. reads / has cooked B. is reading / is co		vas cooking	D read / will be cooking
7a doctor, you have to meet some certain			
A. To become B. Become	C. Becoming	D. Beca	ime
8 you send this wedding card to Peter, plea	ise? A Will	B Are	C Did D Had
9. Be quiet! Someone at the front door. I		Diffic	C. Dia Di Ilua
A. is knocking / will answer B.		σ	
C. has knocked / am going to answer D.			
10. He mother told her son so impolitely.			
A. not behave B. not to behave C.	not behaving	D. did not behav	ve
11. John asked me if interested in any kind			-
A. I were B. were I C.	was I	D. I was	
12. If he well on the training courses last y			n now.
	·		

	C. had done / would have been D. had done / would be
13. It that learning a foreign language	_ a lot of time.
A. says / is taken B. is saying / has been	taken C. is said / takes D. was said / was taken
14. Education to be the most important element	o develop a country.
	C. can often considered D. can often be considered
	B. will spoken C. will be spoken D. will be speaking
16. Let's go to Fuji for our summer holiday! - OK. It	
A. sounds B. is sounding C. has	
17.They the job by this time tomorrow.	
A. will finish B. will be finishing C. will ha	ve finished D. are finishing
18.I'd rather you anything about it for	the time being.
A. don't doB. not doC. won't19.The doctor says that heyou in two	do D. didn't do
19. The doctor says that heyou in tw	enty minutes.
A. will see B. would see C. saw	D. could see
20. Is there any chance to have the machinery	
20. Is there any chance to have the machinery A. repair B. be repaired C. repa	iring D. repaired
21. As a result of inflation, the price of new cars	dramatically over the last few months.
A. rose B. is rising C. was	risen D. has risen
22. If you had taken my advice, you in su	ch difficulties now
A won't be B hadn't been C would	In't be D wouldn't have been
23. If only you how hard I've tried to please y A. know B. knew C. will k 24. The floor in the room was so dirty as if it	ou.
A. know B. knew C. will k	now D. would know
24 The floor in the room was so dirty as if it	for months
A. hadn't swept B. would	n't have swept
A. hadn't sweptB. wouldC. haven't been sweptD. hadn't	been swept
25. Many of the pictures from outer spac	a ara presently on digplay in the public library
A. sent B. sending C. having s	
26. It is only recently that ballets have been based on the	ated D heing reflected
A. Tenecus D. Tenecuing C. Tene	field of the time
A. reflects B. reflecting C. refle 27. It would have been a much more serious accident	fast at the time.
A. reflectingB. reflectingC. reflecting27. It would have been a much more serious accidentA. if she was drivingB. she had	fast at the time.
A. reflectingD. reflectingC. reflecting27. It would have been a much more serious accidentA. if she was drivingB. she haC. had she been drivingD. she driving	fast at the time.
A. if she was driving B. she has C. had she been driving D. she dro 28. He his job last month and since the	l driven ove n he out of work.
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A. if she was driving B. she has C. had she been driving D. she drophysical 28. He his job last month and since the A. lost – was B. was lost – has been 29. to the language center when I saw y	l driven ve n he out of work. C. has lost – was D. lost – has been ou yesterday morning?
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- A fire destroyed most of the old city of London in the 1600s. -> Most of
 Everyone expects that Manchester United will win the Champion League. -> Manchester United......

- 5. People think that the government is planning to build a new international airport. -> The government.....
- 6. My mother lets me use my cell phone after school. -> I am allowed......
- C. Rewrite sentences using relative pronouns.
- 1. Mary has just bought a new cell phone. Her father is a phone maker.
- 2. My new cell phone has become a necessary part of life. I only bought it a month ago.
- 3. A lot of people suffer from techno stress. Those people work in my office.
- 4. Some people dream of a job. They can do the job without technology.
- 5. The stereo doesn't work today. It worked yesterday.
- 6. The man is a computer expert. You were talking to him

D. Rewrite the following sentences using If clauses.

- 1. I don't know his phone number. I can't give it to you.
- 2. He didn't pass the exam because he didn't pay attention to the lessons..
- 3. It was raining all morning. We didn't go out.
- 4. Keep silent or you'll wake the baby up.
- 5. Stop talking or you won't understand the lesson.
- 6. I feel better now because you talked to me about my problems yesterday

E. Present Perfect Tense <=> Past tense

- 1. I last went to see my grandparents a month ago.
- 2. Mary has been working in this company for five years.
- 3. She last saw John years ago.
- 4. I haven't visited Joan for half a year.
- 5. She started learning Chinese when she was 10.
- 6. John stopped smoking last month.

F. Choose the sentence which has the closest meaning to the original one.

- 1. They are not allowed to go out in the evening by their parents.
 - A. Their parents do not want them to go out in the evening.
 - B. Their parents never let them go out in the evening.
 - C. Going out in the evening is permitted by their parents.
 - D. Although their parents do not allow, they still go out in the evening.
- 2. Although my parents are busy at work, they try to find time for their children.
 - A. My parents are so busy at work that they cannot find time for their children.
 - B. Busy at work as my parents are, they try to find time for their children.
 - C. My parents are too busy at work to find time for their children.
 - D. My friends rarely have time for their children because they are busy at work.
- 3. His eel soup is better than any other soups I have ever eaten.
 - A. Of all the soups I have ever eaten, his eel soup is the best.
 - B. I have ever eaten many soups that are better than his eel soup.
 - C. His eel soup is the worst of all soups I have eaten.
 - D. His eel soup is good but I have ever eaten many others better.
- 4. She gets up early to prepare breakfast so that her children can come to school on time.
 - A. Despite her getting up early to prepare breakfast, her children cannot come to school on time.
 - B. Because she wants her children to come to school on time, she gets up early to prepare breakfast.
 - C. If she does not get up early to prepare breakfast, her children will not come to school on time.
 - D. Unless she gets up early to prepare breakfast, her children will not come to school on.
- 5. The last time I went to the museum was a year ago.
 - A. I have not been to the museum for a year.
- B. A year ago, I often went to the museum.
- C. My going to the museum lasted a year. D. At last I went to the museum after a year.
- 6. "How beautiful the dress you have just bought is!" Peter said to Mary.
 - A. Peter promised to buy Mary a beautiful dress. B. Peter said thanks to Mary for her beautiful dress.
 - C. Peter complimented Mary on her beautiful dress.
 - D. Peter asked Mary how she had just bought her beautiful dress.
- 7. "Why don't you ask the teacher for help?" Peter asked me.
 - A. Peter advised me to ask the teacher for help.B. Peter recommended me not to ask the teacher for help.C. Peter told me the reason why I did not ask the teacher for help.
 - C. Feler for the field and the should ask the teacher for help
 - D. Peter suggested that he should ask the teacher for help.
- 8. Many people think Steve stole the money.
 - A. It was not Steve who stole the money. C. Many nearly think the money is stolen by Steve D. The money is thought to have stolen by Steve
 - C. Many people think the money is stolen by Steve. D. The money is thought to be stolen by Steve.
- 9. The man suddenly realized that the neighbor was watching him.

A. The man suddenly realized that he was being watched by the neighbor.

B. The neighbor was watching the man and he suddenly realized that.

C. The neighbor was suddenly realized the man and watching him. D. The man suddenly realized that he was watched by the neighbor. 10. If I were taller, I could reach the top shelf: A. I am not tall enough to reach the top shelf. B. I am too tall to reach the top shelf. C. I cannot reach the top shelf because I am very tall. D. In spite of being tall, I cannot reach the top shelf. 11. If only I had studied hard enough to pass the final exam. A. I regret not studying hard enough to pass the final exam. B. I had studied hard enough and I passed the final exam. C. I studied too hard to pass the final exam. D. I studied hard otherwise I would fail the final exam. 12. Peter said if he were me he would stop smoking. A. I wanted Peter to stop smoking and he promised to do. B. Peter promised to stop smoking. C. Peter said he would stop smoking as I wanted him to. D. Peter advised me to stop smoking. IX. Word forms: 1. No one can predict the future exactly. Things may happen A. expected D. unexpectedly B. unexpected C. expectedly 2. You are old enough to take ______ for what you have done. B. responsibility A. responsible C. responsibly D. irresponsible

 A. responsible
 B. responsibility
 C. responsibly
 D. irrespons

 3. These quick and easy

 can be effective in the short term, but they have a cost.

 B. solvable C. solutions A. solve D. solvability 4. He was looking at his parents _____, waiting for recommendations. A. obev B. obedience C. obedient D. obediently of teachers. 5. The interviews with parents showed that the vast majority were D. supporting A. support B. supportive C. supporter 6. London is home to people of many _____ cultures. D. diversification A. diverse B. diversity C. diversify 7. John cannot make a ______ to get married to Mary or stay single until he can afford a house and a car. C. decisive A. decide B. decision D. decisively _, but now she gets old and looks pale. 8. My mother used to be a woman of great B. beautiful C. beautifully D. beautify A. beauty 9. Although they are twins, they have almost the same appearance but they are seldom in _____ A. agree B. agreeable C. agreement D. agreeably 10. The more ______ and positive you look, the better you will feel. B. confident C. confidently A. confide D. confidence does not playa major part in how we react to the people we 11. Most of us would maintain that physical B. attractive C. attractiveness meet. A. attract meet. A. attract B. attractive C. attractiveness D. attractive 12. They had a ______ candlelit dinner last night and she accepted his proposal of marriage. D. attractively B. romantic C. romantically D. romanticize A. romance 13. The lecturer explained the problem very clearly and is always ______ in response to questions. B. attentive C. attentively D. attentiveness A. attention 14. There was a tremble in her voice, which showed that she was very nervous at that time. A. slight B. slighted C. slightly D. slights to have a well-qualified staff, he should have to pay his employees _ D. slightness B. appropriately C. appropriation D. appropriating A. appropriate 16. In England, primary education is provided by state schools run by the government and by _____ ____ fee-paying A. independent B. independently C. depended D. independence schools. 17. The Minister of the Education and Training Department appeared on TV last night to his new policy. C. publicize A. public B. publicly D. publicizing 18. He was the only ______ that was offered the job. A. apply B. application C. applicant D. applying 19. Parents can express a _____ for the school their child attends. B. preference C. preferential D. preferable A. prefer 20. Many people have objected to the use of animals in _____ experiments. A. science B. scientist C. scientific D. scientifically 21. speaking, I do not really like my present job. A. Honest B. Honesty C. Honestly D. Dishonest 22. Being well-dress and punctual can help you create a good _____ on your interviewer. C. employment D. effectiveness A. impression B. pressure _____ to fail a job interview, but try again. 23. It is A. disappoint B. disappointing C. disappointedly D. disappointment 24. You should find a job to live from your parents. A. dependence B. independence C. independent D. independently 25. They are university professors who _____ in the history of the Russian empire. A. special C. specialize B. specially D. specialization

26 I would like to invi	to you to participate in th		
	te you to participate in th B. graduated		D graduating
A. graduate	ngry that she made a	C. graduation	D. graduating
	B. rudeness	C. rudely	D. rudest
	ecessary for your thesis.		
A. inform	B. information	C informer	D. informative
20 Thoro is a wide ran	ge of in the edu	C. Informer	
		C. selected	D. selection
			are having a job interview.
			D. unimportant
A	w one's feelings when he		D: unimportant
			D. expressively
	nt. She seems to be unab		
A particular	B particularly	C particularity	y D. particularize
33 He was offered the	job thanks to his	nerformance during h	is ioh interview
A. impress	B. impression	<u> </u>	D. impressively
	ster, there is always an		
A. urgent		C. urgently	
	solated and lonely seem t		
	B. communication		
X. Phonetics:			
* Pronunciation:			
1. A. advised	B. devised	C. raised	D. practis <u>ed</u>
2. A. nak <u>ed</u>	B. looked	C. book <u>ed</u>	D. hook <u>ed</u>
3. A. laughed		C. helped	D. missed
4. A. share	B. r <u>are</u>	C. <u>are</u>	D. declare
5. A. cook <u>s</u>		C. joins	D. spends
6. A. h <u>u</u> rry	B. <u>u</u> nder	C. press <u>u</u> re	D. r <u>u</u> sh
7. A. brothers	B. weekends	C. problems	D. secrets
8. A. attempts	B. shares	C. looks	D. beliefs
9. A. average	B. indicate	C. application	D. gr <u>a</u> de
10. A. c <u>ou</u> rse	B. f <u>ou</u> r	C. <u>our</u>	D. yours
11. A. <u>w</u> orker	B. <u>w</u> hom	C. intervie <u>w</u>	D. ans <u>w</u> er
12. A. <u>h</u> onest	B. <u>h</u> oliday	C. <u>h</u> ome	D. <u>h</u> appiness
13. A. character	B. tea <u>ch</u> er	C. <u>ch</u> emist	D. te <u>ch</u> nical
14. A. interview	B. minu <u>t</u> e	C. question	D. sui <u>t</u> able
15. A. explained	B. disappointed	C. prepar <u>ed</u>	D. interview <u>ed</u>
16. A. fut <u>ure</u>	B. mat <u>ure</u>	C. past <u>ure</u>	D. nat <u>ure</u>
17. A. <u>th</u> reaten	B. ea <u>rth</u>	C. heal <u>th</u> y	D. brea <u>th</u> e
18. A. serv <u>i</u> ce	B. practice	C. off <u>i</u> ce	D. dev <u>i</u> ce
19. A. e <u>qu</u> ivalent	B. techni <u>qu</u> e	C. <u>qu</u> estion	D. <u>qu</u> ite
20. A. compound	B. c <u>ou</u> rse	C. ar <u>ou</u> nd	D. h <u>ou</u> r
* Stress:		_	
1. A. believe	B. marriage	C. response	D. maintain
2. A. family	B. whenever	C. obedient	D. solution
3. A. biologist	B. generally	C. responsible	•
4. A. confident	B. important	C. together	D. exciting
5. A. attract	B. person	C. signal	D. instance
6. A. example	B. consider	C. several	D. attention
7. A. across	B. simply	C. common	D. brother
8. A. problem	B. minute	C. suppose	D. dinner
9. A. parallel	B. dependent	C. educate	D. primary
10. A. consider	B. similar	C. actually	D. carefully
11. A. university	B. application	C. technology	D. entertainment
12. A. certificate	B. necessary	C. economy	D. geography
13. A. veterinary	B. consequentl		
14. A. institution	B. university	C. preferential	
15. A. available	B. majority	C. tutorial	D. differently
16. A. technical	B. advertise	C. candidate	D. consider
17. A. experience 18. A. future	B. certificate B. burden	C. interviewer C. device	D. enthusiasm D. certain
io. A. iutule	D. Uurden	C. UEVICE	D. celtain

19. A. threaten	B. appear	C. modern	D. instance		
20. A. experience	B. technology	C. environment	D. optimistic		
XI. Reading:	* Cloze- test:				
There are many reasons	There are many reasons (1) taking regular time with our family is important:				
It creates a place to list	en, teach, learn, and (2)	_ ourselves freely and sat	fely.		
It provides (3) to	o discuss family joys, issues, a	and problems.			
Family members can pr	ractice skills in a non-threater	ning atmosphere.			
Families are a (4)	_ part of our society and the	fabric of our communitie	s - we spend (5) time together		
to get our feelings (6) _	belongings, our values	, support and understand	ing.		
It helps keep family me	embers together and feel safe	in today's world where p	ressure can lead to family		
disintegration					
1. A. that	B. why	C. when	D. which		
2. A. think	B. show	C. express	D. say		
3. A. opportunities	B. conditions	C. situations	D. circumstances		
4. A. attractive	B. real	C. deep	D. basic		
5. A. a	B. an	C. the	D. no article		
6. A. in	B. of	C. on	D. for		
* Reading comprehen	sion				

* Reading comprehension:

In the past, both men and women were expected to be married at quite young ages. Marriages were generally arranged by parents and family, with their children having little chance to say no in the matter. In the past it was not surprising to find that a bride and groom had only just met on the day of their engagement or marriage.

In modern Vietnam, this has changed completely as people choose their own marriage-partners based on love, and in consideration primarily to their own needs and wants. Moreover early marriage is quite illegal.

The traditional Vietnamese wedding is one of the most important of traditional Vietnamese occasions. Regardless of westernization, many of the age-old customs practiced in a traditional Vietnamese wedding continue to be celebrated by both Vietnamese in Vietnam and overseas, often combining both western and eastern elements. Besides the wedding ceremony, there is also an engagement ceremony which takes place usually half a year or so before the wedding. Due to the spiritual nature of the occasion, the date and time of the marriage ceremony are decided in advance by a fortune teller. The traditional Vietnamese wedding consists of an extensive array of ceremonies: the first is the ceremony to ask permission to receive the bride, the second is the procession to receive the bride (along with the ancestor ceremony at her house), the third is to bring the bride to the groom's house for another ancestor ceremony and to welcome her into the family, then the last is a wedding banquet. The number of guests in attendance at these banquets is huge, usually in the hundreds. Several special dishes are served. Guests are expected to bring gifts, often money, which the groom and bride at one point in the banquet will go from table to table collecting.

1. In the past, _____. A. Vietnamese couples were free to make a decision on the marriage

- B. Vietnamese marriage was decided by parents and family C. getting married at an early age was not allowed
- D. parents had no right to interfere their children's marriage
- 2. In former days, the fact that a bride and groom had only first met just on the day of their engagement or marriage was ______. A. surprising B. popular C. uncommon D. strange

3. Which sentence is referred Vietnamese modern marriage?

- A. Most young people do not have their marriage based on love.
- B. All marriages are arranged by parents and family.

C. Marriage is quite westernization.
D. Couples do not get married at quite young ages.
4. According to the passage, ______. A. Oversea Vietnamese people do not like to organize a traditional wedding B. There is an engagement ceremony which takes place usually half a year or so before the wedding C. Many of the age-old customs practiced in a traditional Vietnamese wedding do not exist nowadays
D. Vietnamese people appear ask a fortune taller the date and time of the marriage ceremony

- D. Vietnamese people never ask a fortune teller the date and time of the marriage ceremony
- 5. Which does not exist in a Vietnamese wedding party? A. firecrackers B. guests C. dishes D. gifts SAMPLE TEST 1

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 1:	A. attempts	B. shares	C. look <u>s</u>	D. beliefs
Question 2:	A. aver <u>a</u> ge	B. indicate	C. applic <u>a</u> tion	D. gr <u>a</u> de

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

Question 3 : A. institution	B. university	C. preferential	D. indicative
Question 4: A. development	B. security	C. pessimistic	D. particular

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 5: Do you ever feel that life is not being fair to you because you cannot seem to get the job С R where you want or that really suits you? Question 6: When GCSEs are taken' in secondary school, they can often <u>combined with</u> other <u>qualifications</u>, or diplomas. В С D **Question 7:** Air pollution, together with littering, are causing many problems in our large, industrial cities today. В С D Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions. **Question 8:** John ______ a respectful and obedient student. A. said to be B. is said C. is said being D. is said to be Question 9: In the last hundred years, traveling _____ much easier and more comfortable. B. has become C. became A. becomes D. will become **Question 10:** Billy has been seriously ill, and he was taken to _____ hospital yesterday B. an C. the D.Ø A. a _____ at home, I would enjoy my favourite show. Question 11: B. Unless were I A. Suppose I am C. Were I D. If were I **Question 12:** Martin asked me B. how my father is C. how was my father A. how is my father D. how my father was Question 13: I waved him from the window but he didn't see me. A. through B. for C. up D. to Question 14: Doctors have to assume _____ for human life. A. responsible B. responsibly C. responsibility D. responsibles Question 15: Boys! Put your toys _____. It is time to go to bed. Don't stay _ late. A. off / on B. away / up C. down / off D. around/ for **Ouestion 16:** He died pneumonia. C. in D. of A. for B. by Question 17: She likes meeting people and travelling so she wants to apply for a ______ of a receptionist or A. location B. position tourist guide. C. site D. word your attention or your eye, you notice it or become interested in it. Question 18: If something ____ A. pays B. allow C. catches D. wave Question 19: Her job was so _____ that she decided to quit it. A. interesting B. satisfactory C. stressful D. wonderful Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges. Question 20: A: "Thank you for a lovely evening." – B: " B. I'm glad you enjoy it C. Yes, I'd like that D. Yes, that would be very nice A. Don't mention it Question 21: "I've passed my final exam."- Tom: " B. It's nice of you to say so. C. That's a good idea. D. Congratulations! A. Good luck. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s)ineach of the following questions. Question 22: The medical community continues to make progress in the fight against cancer. A. improvement B. speed C. expectation D. treatment Question 23: Before the interview, you have to send a letter of application and your résumé to the company. A. recommendation B. reference C. curriculum vitae D. photograph Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s)in each of the following questions. Question 24: The US troops are using much more sophisticated weapons in the Far East. A. expensive B. complicated C. simple and easy to use D. difficult to operate Question 25: Mr. Smith's new neighbors appear to be very *friendly*. B. inapplicable C. hostile A. amicable D. futile Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions. Question 26: The last time when I saw her was three years ago. A. I have often seen her for the last three years. B. About three years ago, I used to meet her. C. I have not seen her for three years. D. I saw her three years ago and will never meet her again. Question 27: It was your assistance that enabled us to get achievement. A. But for you assistance, we could not have got achievement. B. Your assistance discouraged us from get achievement. C. If you assisted us, we could not get achievement. D. Without your assistance, we could get achievement.

Question 28: The car was too expensive for me to buy.

A. The car was so expensive that I could buy it.

B. The car was not expensive enough for me to buy.

C. The car was such expensive that I couldn't buy it.

D. It was such an expensive car that I couldn't buy it. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 29: Mary and Jane like these stories because they are very interesting.

A. Mary and Jane, who are very interesting, like these stories

B. Mary and Jane like these stories, which are very interesting.

C. Mary and Jane like these stories, which they are very interesting.

D. Mary and Jane like these stories, that are very interesting.

Ouestion 30: People donated a lot, so the victims of the tsunami are now able to overcome difficulties.

A. To overcome difficulties, the victims of the tsunami needed people's generous donation.

B. But for people's generous donation, the victims of the tsunami wouldn't be able to overcome difficulties now.

C. The victims of the tsunami are now able to overcome difficulties but for people's donation.

D. Despite people's generous donation, the victims of the tsunami are facing lots of difficulties

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 31 to 35.

Many of the things we do (31)..... on receiving information from other people. Catching a train, making a phone call and going to the cinema all involve information that is stored, processed and communicated. In the past this information had to be kept on paper (32)....., for example, books, newspapers and timetables. Now more and more information is put on computers.

Computers play a role in our everyday lives, sometimes without us even realizing it. Consider the use of computers in both shops and offices. Big shops have to deal with very large (33).... of information. They have to make sure that there are enough goods on the shelves for customers to buy, they need to be able to reorder before cargoes run out. A lot of office work in the past involved information on paper. Once it had been dealt with by people, the paper was put aside future reference. This way of working was never (34)..... easy or fast. A computer system is much more (35).

B. depending	C. depended	D. depend
B. in the form of	C. in preparation of	D. in search of
B. number	C. numbers	D. amounts
B. particular	C. particularly	D. particularity
B. skillful	C. capable	D. formal
	B. in the form of B. number B. particular	B. in the form of B. numberC. in preparation of C. numbersB. particularC. particularly

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 36 to 43.

After two decades of growing student enrollments and economic prosperity, business schools in the United States have started to face harder times. Only Harvard's MBA School has shown a substantial increase in enrollment in recent years. Both Princeton and Stanford have seen decreases in their enrollments. Since 1990, the number of people receiving Masters in Business Administration (MBA) degrees, has dropped about 3 percent to 75,000, and the trend of lower enrollment rates is expected to continue. There are two factors causing this decrease in students *seeking* an MBA degree. The first one is that many graduates of four-year colleges are finding that an MBA degree does not guarantee a plush job on Wall Street, or in other financial districts of major American cities. Many of the entry-level management jobs are going to students graduating with Master of Arts degrees in English and the humanities as well as those holding MBA degrees. Students have asked the question, "Is an MBA degree really what I need to be best prepared for getting a good job?" The second major factor has been the cutting of American payrolls and the lower number of entry-level jobs being offered. Business needs are changing, and MBA schools are struggling to meet the new demands.

Ouestion 36: What is the main focus of this passage?

A. jobs on Wall Street B. types of graduate degrees

C. changes in enrollment for MBA schools D. how schools are changing to reflect the economy

Question 37: The phrase "two decades" refers to a period of B. 20 years C. 50 years D. 100 years A. 10 years

Question 38: The word "prosperity" could be best replaced by which of the following? B. surplus C. nurturing A. success D. education **Question 39:** Which of the following business schools has NOT shown a decrease in enrollment? B. Harvard A. Princeton C. Stanford D. Yale

Question 40: The phrase "trend of" in the passage is closest in meaning to which of the following? B. drawback to C. movement toward D. extraction from A. reluctance of Question 41: The word "seeking" as used in the passage could best be replaced by _____.

A. examining B. avoiding C. seizing D. pursuing

Question 42: Which of the following descriptions most likely applies to Wall Street?

- A. a center for international affairs
- B. a major financial centerD. a neighborhood in New York

C. a shopping district D. a neighborhood in New York **Question** 43: According to the passage, what are two causes of declining business school enrollments?

A. lack of necessity for an MBA and an economic recession B. low salary and foreign competition

C. fewer MBA schools and fewer entry-level jobs D. declining population and economic prosperity

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the question s from 44 to 50.

Although speech is the most advanced form of communication, there are many ways of communicating without using speech. Signals, signs, symbols, and gestures may be found in every known culture. The basic function of signal is to **impinge upon** the environment in such a way that **it** attracts attention, as. For example, the dots and dashes of a telegraph circuit. Coded to refer to speech, the **potential** for communication is very great. Less adaptable to the codification of words, signs also contain meaning in and of themselves. A stop sign or a barber pole conveys meaning quickly and conveniently. Symbols are more difficult to describe than either signals or signs because of their **intricate** relationship with the receiver's cultural perceptions. In some cultures, applauding in a theater provides performers with an auditory symbol of approval. Gestures such as waving and handshaking also communicate certain cultural messages.

Although signals, signs, symbols, and gestures are very useful, they do have a major disadvantage. They usually do not allow ideas to be shared without the sender being directly adjacent to the receiver. As a result, means of communication intended to be used for long distances and extended periods are based upon speech. Radio, television, and the telephone are only a few.

television, and the t	elephone are only a lew.			
Question 44: Whic	h of the following would	be the best title for the p	assage?	
A. Gestures	B. Signs and signals	C. Speech	D. Communication	
Question 45: What	does the author say abou	t speech?		
A. It is dependent u	pon the advances made by	y inventors. B. It is	the most advanced form of communication	ion.
	or communication to occur		the only true form of communication.	
Question 46: Acco	rding to the passage, what	t is a signal?		
	unication that interrupts t		×	
B. The most difficu	It form of communication	to describe		
	unication which may be u		S.	
	munication most related			
	ohrase " impinge upon" i		-	
A. prohibit	B. intrude	C. vary	D. improve	
Question 48: The v	word "it" in paragraph ref			
A. way	B. environment	C. function	D. signal	
	word " potential" in para	graph 1 could be replace	d by	
A. advanced	B. possibility	e	ion D. signal	
-	vord " intricate " in paragr	· ·		
A. inefficient	B. complicated	C. historical	D. uncertain	
		The end!		

SAMPLE TEST 2

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 1: A. blamed	B. cough <u>ed</u>	C. obliged	D. install <u>ed</u>
Question 2: A. culture	B. sec <u>u</u> rity	C. f <u>u</u> ture	D. curric <u>u</u> lum

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

Question 3:	A. assistant	B. nonverbal	C. behavior	D. impolite
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Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions. **Question 5:** Did you say that you will have a lot of things to do the following week? D R А Question 6: <u>Marriage</u> is a life-long journey together, <u>which</u> is not <u>simply</u> a boat you get on together R C Α and getting off when it does not work out. **Question 7:** Whenever problems come up we often discuss about them frankly. В А С Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions. **Question 8:** The secretary all the documents before the manager came. A. typed B. has typed C. was typing D. had typed Question 9: Most doctors and nurses have to work on _ _ nightshift once or twice a week. A.a B. an C. the D. some with their parents and siblings. Question 10: Most children enjoy_ D. played A. play B. to play C. playing **Question 11:** She said she A. was very tired last night B. was very tired the night before C. had been very tired last night D. had been very tired the night before Question 12: Her boyfriend for the WHO. B. says to be working C. is said to be working A. says to work D. is said to works Question 13: She has got engaged ______ a famous actor. A. with C. in D. by B. to **Ouestion 14:** His facial revealed his anxiety when he was communicating. A. expressions B. expresses C. expressive D. expressively Question 15: In many cultures, people signify their agreement by _____ their head. D. nodding A. turning B. raising C. pointing Question 16: Even if you have a separate telephone, try to _ _ to your family regulations. A. obey B. stick C. take D. follow Question 17: Pointing at someone is usually considered _ and even rude. B. unnecessary C. appropriate A. suitable D. impolite Question 18: An academic year in England is divided _ three terms. B. for D. from C. into A. to Question 19: I had learnt English when I was at high school. B. Even if A. If only C. Unless D. If Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges. A: You look perfect in your new dress! **Question 20:** A. No, thanks C. I'm glad you like it B. Don't mention it. D. Really? Question 21: Rose: Thank you very much for your help. Jack: A. No, not me B. You're welcome C. Nothing D. It doesn't matter Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions. Question 22: In communication, we seldom say goodbye <u>abruptly</u>. A. suddenly B. quickly C. loudly D. repeatedly Question 23: In a job interview, you should avoid talking about your shortcomings. B. qualifications C. characteristics A. good points D. bad points Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 24: An alert interviewee would diffuse the tense situation with light-hearted humor.A. unpleasantB. interestingC. believableD. foolish

Question 25: That	t company usually off	ers competitive <u>wholesale</u> pr	ices.
A. discount	B. retail	C. origin	D. individual

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 26: 'You'd better look for a new job, Andrew,' said Mary.

A. Mary said that Andrew had looked for a new job.

C. Mary forced Andrew to look for a new job.

Question 27: The last time we went out was two weeks ago.

A. We haven't gone out for two weeks.

C. It was a fortnight since we last went out.

Question 28: Who are they keeping in the kitchen?

- A. By whom are they kept in the kitchen?
- C. Whom are they being kept by in the kitchen?

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 29: We were sleepless last night and we are exhausted now.

A. Hadn't we been sleepless last night, we wouldn't be exhausted now.

B. If we hadn't slept last night, we wouldn't be exhausted now.

C. If we hadn't been sleepless last night, we would be exhausted now.

D. Had we had some sleep last night, we wouldn't be exhausted now.

Question 30: Did you employ the man? I recommended him to you.

A. Did you employ the man who I recommended him to?

B. Did you employ the man, who I recommended him to?

C. Did you employ the man whom I recommended to you?

D. Did you employ the man, whom I recommended to you?

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 31 to 35.

American families are changing. One important change is that most married women now work (31).....their homes. What happens when both parents work? Let's read about the Morales' family.

Judy and Steve Morale have three children: Josh, 12; Ben, 9; and Emily, 6. Steve is a computer programmer. This year, Judy is working again (32).....a hospital administrator. The family needs the money, and Judy likes her job. Everything is going well, but there are also some problems.

Now that Judy is working, Steve has to help her more with the housework and doesn't enjoy it. (33).....Judy loves her work, she feels tired and too busy. She's also worried about the children. Judy has to work on Saturdays, so Steve and Judy don't have a lot of free time together. Emily is having a great time in her after-school program. When Judy comes to (34).....her up, she doesn't want to leave.

Unfortunately, Ben's school doesn't have an after-school program. Right now, he's spending most afternoons by himself in front of the TV.

John is enjoying his new freedom after school. He's playing his music louder and spending more time on the phone. He's also doing (35).....household chores.

Question 31: A. in	B. inside	C. outside	D. out
Question 32: A. with	B. as	C. for	D. of
Question 33: A. However	B. Although	C. too	D. either
Question 34: A. catch	B. bring	C. pick	D. get
Question 35: A. a few	B. a little	C. few	D. a lot
D 1/1 C 11 '	1 1 1 1 1		1 / /

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 36 to 42.

Ever since humans have inhabited the earth, they have made use of various forms of communication. Generally, this expression of thoughts and feelings has been in the form of oral speech. When there is a language barrier, communication is accomplished through sign language in which motions **stand for** letters, words and ideas. Tourists, the deaf and the mute have had to resort to this form of expression. Many of these symbols of the whole words are very picturesque and exact and can be used internationally; spelling, however, cannot.

Body language transmits ideas or thoughts by certain actions, either intentionally or unintentionally. A wink can be a way of flirting or indicating that the party is only joking. A nod signifies approval, while shaking the head indicates a negative reaction.

Review for 1st term test – Grade 12 (OLD)

- B. We stopped going out for a fortnight.
- D. We have never gone out for two weeks.
 - B. Who is being kept in the kitchen?

D. Who is the kitchen keeping?

- B. Mary advised looking for a new job, Andrew.
- D. Mary advised Andrew to look for a new job.

Other forms of nonlinguistic language can be found in Braille (a system of raised dots read with the fingertips), signal flags, Morse code, and smoke signals. Road maps and picture signs also guide, warn, and instruct people.

While verbalization is the most common form of language, other systems and techniques also express human thoughts and feelings.

Question 36: Which of the following best summarizes the passage?

A. When language is a barrier, people will find other forms of communication.

B. Everybody uses only one form of communication. C. Nonlinguistic language is invaluable to foreigners

D. Although other forms of communication exists, verbalization is the fastest.

Question 37: The word "stand for" in line 3 is closest in meaning toA. take placeB. replaceC. occupyD. make room forOuestion 38: According to the passage, who mostly use sign language?				
Ouestion 38: According to the passage, who mostly use sign language?				
Question 38: According to the passage, who mostly use sign language?D. All of themA. TouristsB. those who can't hearC. those who can't talkD. All of them				
 Question 39: According to the passage, which of the following statements is NOT true? A. There are many forms of communication are in existence today. B. Verbalization is the most common form of communication. C. Nonlinguistic language cannot express thoughts and feelings. D. Ideas and thoughts can be transmitted by body language. Question 40: Which form other than oral speech would be most commonly used among blind people? 				
A. Picture signs B. Braille C. body language D. signal flags				
Question 41: When someone nods his head, he actually meansA. "I'm joking"B. "I'm flirting"C. "I don't think so"D. "I agree"				
Question 42: How many different forms of communication are mentioned in the passage?				
A. 5 B. 7 C. 9 D. 11				
Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 43 to 50.				
By the end of the first quarter of the nineteenth century, a number of our Eastern institutions – Harvard,				

Yale, Columbia, and Pennsylvania – had some of the necessary ingredients of a university, but hardly yet the point of view. They were **little clusters** of schools and institutes. Indeed, just after the Revolution, the school of Pennsylvania and Harvard had assumed somewhat pretentious title of university, and shortly after, the University of Virginia was founded under the guidance of Thomas Jefferson. In the South, Georgia and later North California began to rise. The substance in all **these** was mainly lacking, though the title was honored. There were rather feeble law, medical, and divinity schools, somewhat loosely attached to these colleges.

It has been commonly recognized, however, that the first decade after the close of the Civil War, that is, from about 1866 to 1876, was the great early flowering of the university idea in America.

Question 43: What is the passage about?

A. universities in America

B. universities in the North of America

D. the early development of universities in America

C. universities in the East of America

Question 44: According to the passage, in 1825.....

A. Only Harvard, Yale, Columbia, and Pennsylvania could truly be called universities

B. All American educational institutions could claim to be universities

C. Those institutions which called themselves universities were not really universities

D. No American institution of higher education had any of the necessary ingredients of a university.

Question 45: Thomas Jefferson founded			
A. the University of Pennsylvania	B. Harvard		
C. the University of Virginia	D. the University of Georgia		
Question 46: The words "little clusters" in line 3 most nearly means			
A. small groups	B. small colleges		
C. small buildings	D. small organizations		
Question 47: The word "these" in line 7 refers to			
A.4 universities B. 5 universities	C. 6 universities D. 7 universities		
Question 48: The Civil War ended in about			
A. 1856 B. 1866	C. 1876 D. 1886		
Question 49: The university idea really began to develop			
A. In the first quarter of the 19 th century	B. Just after the Revolution		
C. During the last quarter of the 19 th centur	ry D. Just after the Civil War		

Question 50: The paragraph following the passage probably discusses...

A. the universities in the West of America B. the development of universities in America from 1866 to 1876 C. the development of universities in America after the Civil War D. the real universities

Good luck