SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO HÀ NỘI TRƯỜNG THPT TRẦN PHÚ – HOÀN KIẾM

ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN TẬP HỌC KÌ 2 MÔN : TIẾNG ANH – LỚP 11 NĂM HỌC 2023-2024

A. REVIEW FOR THE MIDTERM EXAM

I. TOPICS:

- Unit 6: Preserving our heritage
- Unit 7: Education and options for school-leavers

II. VOCABULARY:

- Words and phrases related to preserving heritage
- Words and phrases related to education after leaving school

III. GRAMMAR

- To-infinitive clauses
- Perfect gerunds and perfect participles clauses

IV. READING

- Reading for general ideas and specific information in an article about heritage preservation
- Reading for general ideas and specific information in an article about different study options after leaving school.

V. TYPES OF EXERCISES:

- Phonetics: Pronunciation & Stress.
- Vocabulary and Grammar
- Synonym / Antonym
- Mistake Identification
- Reading comprehension. (Gap filling and Reading text)
- Sentence Transformation
- Sentence Combination

SAMPLE TEST

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions. Question 1. A. citadel **B.** ancient **C.** appreciate **D.** state Question 2. A. historic **B.** complex **C.** monument **D.** folk Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions. Question 3. A. university **B.** educational **C.** qualification **D.** independently **B.** academic **C.** institution **D.** systematic **Question 4. A.** apprenticeship Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions. **Question 5.** Historical and government records can help you trace your ____ **A.** quality **B.** tradition **C.** heritage **D.** feature **Question 6.** The remains of the Roman fort are well . A. preserved **B.** kept **C.** treated **D.** healed **Question 7.** She specialises in novels set in 18th century England. **A.** history **B.** historical **C.** ancient **D.** past Question 8. He argued for better vocational education, saying many students were not interested in _____ courses. **D.** academic **A.** studying **B.** theory C. school **Question 9.** The Swedes regard ______ training as a part of a young person's education. **B.** occupation **C.** vocation **D.** vocational A. work **Ouestion 10.** When you are staying at a popular resort, there are plenty of to go on. A. excursions **B.** expeditions **C.** pilgrimages **D.** sightseeing **Question 11.** One day when I'm rich and famous, I'm going to go on a round-the-world **C.** self-catering A. cruise **B.** sail **D.** survival **Question 12.** You can save money by choosing a holiday. A. do-it-yourself **B.** self-catering **C.** self-study **D.** survival Question 13. Australians and New Zealanders often have a/an year before going to college or after finishing high school to travel overseas independently. **B.** new **C.** busy **D.** graduation A. gap Question 14. Tony pretended me when I waved to him. A. not seeing **B.** not to see **C.** not see **D.** to not see **Question 15.** Marie Curie was the first woman two Nobel prizes. A. who awarded **B.** to be awarded **C.** awarding **D.** that was awarding **Question 16.** The captain is the last person the sinking ship. **C.** to wait **A.** to leave **B.** to remain **D.** to stop **Question 17.** Is English the most popular language in the world? **C.** to be spoken A. be spoken **B**. to have spoken **D.** speaking **Question 18.** ______ the desalination plant, the company could offer an effective solution to the problem of water scarcity. A. To build **B.** Having built **C.** Being built **D.** Having been built **Ouestion 19.** The public praised the local farmers for millions of trees on the surrounding hills. **B.** being planted A. plant **C.** being planting **D.** having planted

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct response to each of the following exchanges.

Question 20. "I'm not hot	. I'm absolutely roasting" -	_ (())					
A. You lucky thing! I'm sure you'll enjoy it.		B. Let's go and co	B. Let's go and cool down in the sea.				
C. You'll get a lovely s	untan.	D. Maybe you've	D. Maybe you've got a sun stroke.				
Question 21. "I hear you've passed your exam. Congratulations!" – ""							
A. What a pity!	B. You're welcome.	C. I'm alright.	D. Thank you.				
Mark the letter A, B, C, o	r D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning t	to the underlined word(s)in each				
of the following questions.							
Question 22. The balance and harmonious blending of various elements contribute to Taj Mahal's unique							
beauty.							
A. successful	B. agreeable	C. tasteful	D. fitting				
Question 23. My Son Sanctuary is a large complex of <u>religious</u> relics comprising more than 70 architectural works such as towers, temples, and tombs.							
A. royal	B. precious	C. holy	D. valuable				
Mark the letter A, B, C, o	r D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning	to the underlined word(s) in				
each of the following questions.							
Question 24. Well, Mrs Baker, you'll be pleased to hear that George has made a dramatic improvement in							
geography.							
A. meaningful	B. important	C. insignificant	D. steady				
	students in our country are	e interested in <u>pursuing</u> hi	igher education to get bachelor's				
degrees.							
A. following	B. giving up	C. trying	D. interrupting				
			in the following passage.				
Hoan Kiem Lake is an attractive body of water right in the heart of Ha Noi. Legend has it that in the mid- 15th century, Heaven gave Emperor Le Thai To (Le Loi) a magical sword (26) he used to fight							
-			ay when he was out sailing in the				
lake, a giant (27) tortoise suddenly grabbed the sword and disappeared into the depths of the lake.							
Since then, the lake has been known as Hoan Kiem Lake (Lake of the Restored Sword) (28) it is believed the sword was taken to its original divine owners. The tiny Tortoise Pagoda, topped with a red star, is							
(29) a small island in the middle of the lake; it is often used as an emblem of Ha Noi. Every morning							
			their morning exercise,				
jogging or playing badmin			C				
Question 26. A. which	B. who	C. whom	D. whose				
Question 27. A. salty	B. huge	C. gold	D. golden				
Question 28. A. because	B. so	C. however	D. although				
Question 29. A. at	B. above	C. in	D. on				
Question 30. A. to do	B. doing	C. making	D. to make				
V. Read the passage, and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each question.							
Ho Long Doy							

Ha Long Bay

Ha Long Bay is a group of offshore islands that is the best example of marine invaded limestone region in the world. The Bay holds over 1,600 islands and islets. There are caves and grottoes, with stalactites and stalagmites. Its limestone pillars are a unique natural feature of great scenic beauty and biological interest. The great extent and the richness of its forms sets it apart from many other sites.

The natural beauty of the Bay lay hidden today under a very common fog. As I had already seen the similar **karst** landscape in China a couple of years before, I certainly said that I was blown away by the beauty of Ha Long Bay. We went onto one of the islands to visit the Surprising Cave - an indeed surprisingly big and beautiful cave with three hollow chambers. We saw some monkeys here too, just outside the cave exit.

Part of the tour was half an hour of kayaking - enough to paddle a full circle around the main area. The

views from the kayak I found much more impressive than from the larger boat: you're so tiny then and the peaks rise sharply in front of you. I had a better look at the water too, and cannot say that I saw pollution by plastic or other junk floating around. There is a thin layer of oil on the water in some parts though.

And then it's time to get back in the bus to Ha Noi, another 3.5 hours. The tour was carried out well with good seafood for lunch and I had a satisfying day.

Question 31. The attraction that Ha Long Bay offer to tourists is ______.

A. a large number of islands and islets

B. the largest limestone region in the world

C. its caves and grottoes, with stalactites and stalagmites

D. its unique value of landscape and biology

Question 32. The writer was _____.

A. able to escape from an explosion in Ha Long Bay

B. very impressed by the beauty of Ha Long Bay

C. unable to see Ha Long Bay due to the fog

D. really frightened of visiting the Surprising Cave

Question 33. All of the following statements are true about Ha Long Bay EXCEPT that

A. the writer thought its beauty surpassed many other sites

B. the writer didn't think the number of tourists had decreased over the years

C. the writer saw some monkeys in the chambers of the Surprising Cave

D. it took three and a half hours to travel from Ha Noi to Ha Long by bus

Question 34. During half an hour of kayaking, the writer found that _

A. he was more impressed by the view from the kayak than by that from the boat

B. the problem of pollution there was serious with plastic or other junk floating around

C. he could see the peaks rise sharply in front of him

D. he could see a thin layer of oil on the water in a full circle around the main area

Question 35. The word "karst" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to _____

A. the common landscape found in China suitable for kayaking and boating

B. an irregular limestone region with underground streams, and caves

C. a large number of islands and islets in Viet Nam and China

D. the explosive that can blow tourists away if they are not careful

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Do you think education is better now than it was in your grandparents' time? Many older people in the UK believe the opposite. "Schools were better in our day," they complain. "There isn't enough discipline these days. Kids don't work as hard as we did, either. The syllabus isn't as challenging, so clever students aren't being stretched enough. They need to study things in greater depth. Exams are much, much easier now as well."

Were schools better years ago? Some British teenagers travelled back in time to a 1950s boarding school. They got a big surprise! The first shock came when the teenagers met their new teachers. Dressed in traditional black gowns, they look so frosty and uncaring! They were really **authoritarian**, too, so anyone caught breaking the rules - talking in classes, mucking about in the playground or playing truant – was in big trouble! Punishments included writing 'lines' or staying after class to do detention. The naughtiest kids were expelled.

Things were just as bad after class. At meal times the students had to endure a diet of plain, no-nonsense, healthy food. Homework was **obligatory** and it took ages! Copying essays off the Internet wasn't an option, as personal computers didn't exist in the 1950s!

At the end of 'term' everyone sat 1950s-style exams. The old exams were much longer than their twentyfirst century equivalents and involved learning huge amounts of facts by heart. History papers were all dates and battles. Maths papers were trickier, too; calculators weren't around in the 1950s, so the students had to memorise multiplication tables and master long division. Our candidates found this really difficult.

The exam results surprised a lot of people. Students predicted to do well in their real-life, twenty-first century exams often got low grades in the 1950s exams. Does this prove modern exams are too easy? Do twenty-first century kids rely too much on modern technology, like calculators and computers?

The TV series of *That 'll teach 'em!* focused on a 1960s vocational school. UK school-kids study a range of academic subjects these days. But in the 1960s, children judged to be less 'able' went to vocational schools. **These** helped them learn job skills. Boys studied subjects like metalwork, woodwork or gardening. In some classes, they even learned how to milk goats! The girls' timetables included secretarial skills. They also learned to cook, clean and sew - probably not much fun for most girls.

Question 36. What criticism is sometimes made about modern education in the first paragraph?

A. Teachers aren't strict enough.

B. The syllabus is out of date.

C. There's too much stress on exams.

D. The teaching methods are not good enough.

Question 37. The word "authoritarian" in the second paragraph is closest in meaning to _____.

A. inexperienced B. impolite C. unreasonable D. strict

Question 38. Which of the following statements is TRUE about the food the students ate at school?

A. It wasn't cooked properly.B. It wasn't delicious.

C. It wasn't nutritious. D. There wasn't much of it.

Question 39. The word "obligatory" in the third paragraph is closest in meaning to _____.

A. compulsory B. difficult C. long D. complicated

Question 40. What was surprising about the students' results after taking the 1950s-style exams?

A. All the students found the exams difficult.

B. Students didn't do as well as expected.

Α

A

C. Students who were predicted to fail did rather well.

D. Students did better than twenty-first century exams.

Question 41. The word "these" in the last paragraph refers to _____.

A. school-kidsB. subjectsC. seriesD. vocational schools

Question 42. Which of the following statements is TRUE according to the passage?

A. Vocational schools provided poorer children with equipment.

B. Vocational schools took children who were good at studying.

C. Vocational schools prepared students for employment.

D. Vocational schools were a complete waste of time.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer seer to indicate the underlined part that needs correction following questions.

D

D

D

Question 43. I have found a lot of informations about the history of English language teaching recently.

B C

Question 44. Hellen is the first girl proposes the idea of restoring the old temple.

B C

Question 45. We decided not to travel, having been heard the terrible weather forecast.

A B C

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 46. I started writing this essay hours ago and it's still not right.

A. I have been writing this essay for hours and it's still not right.

B. It's hours ago since I last wrote this essay correctly.

C. The last time I started writing this essay was hours ago, which is still not right.

D. I didn't stop to write this essay hours ago and it's still not right.

Question 47. "You'd better work harder if you don't want to retake the exam!" the teacher said to Jimmy.

A. The teacher advised Jimmy to work harder if he didn't want to retake the exam.

B. The teacher ordered Jimmy to work harder if he didn't want to retake the exam.

C. The teacher reminded Jimmy to work harder if he didn't want to retake the exam.

D. The teacher warned Jimmy to work harder if he didn't want to retake the exam.

Question 48. After we had chosen a destination for our holiday, we began preparing for the trip.

A. Chosen a destination for our holiday, we began preparing for the trip.

B. Choosing a destination for our holiday, we began preparing for the trip.

C. Having chosen a destination for our holiday, we began preparing for the trip.

D. Having prepared for the trip, we chose a destination for our holiday.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 49. I didn't want to catch a cold. I wore a warm coat and a scarf.

A. I wore a warm coat and a scarf though I didn't want to catch a cold.

B. I wore a warm coat and a scarf, so I didn't want to catch a cold.

C. I wore a warm coat and a scarf, but I didn't want to catch a cold.

D. I wore a warm coat and a scarf in order not to catch a cold.

(UN)er

Question 50. We have been trying to learn English for years. We haven't succeeded yet.

A. Although we have been trying to learn English for years, we haven't succeeded yet.

B. After we've been trying to learn English for years, we have succeeded.

C. We haven't succeeded yet since we have been trying to learn English for years.

D. We have been trying to learn English for years, so we haven't succeeded yet.

B. REVIEW FOR THE FINAL EXAM

I. TOPICS

- Unit 6: Preserving our heritage
- Unit 7: Education and options for school-leavers
- Unit 8: Becoming Independent
- Unit 9: Social Issues
- Unit 10: The Ecosystem

II. VOCABULARY: (within the scope from Unit 6 to Unit 9)

- Words and phrases related to preserving heritage
- Words and phrases related to education after leaving school
- Words and phrases related to teen independence

III. GRAMMAR (within the scope from Unit 6 to Unit 10)

- To-infinitive clauses
- Perfect gerunds and perfect participles clauses
- Cleft sentences with "It is/was....that/who...."
- Linking words or phrases
- Compound nouns

IV. READING (within the scope of topics from Unit 6 to Unit 9)

- Reading for general ideas and specific information in an article about heritage preservation
- Reading for general ideas and specific information in an article about different study options after leaving school.

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- Reading for general ideas and specific information in an article about how teen can become independent
- Reading for general ideas and specific information in an article about peer pressure

V. TYPES OF EXERCISES:

- Phonetics: Pronunciation & Stress.
- Vocabulary and Grammar
- Synonym / Antonym
- Mistake Identification
- Reading comprehension. (Gap filling and Reading text)
- Sentence Transformation
- Sentence Combination

SAMPLE TEST

SAMILE TEST			
	D on your answer sheet to it ation in each of the followin	ndicate the word whose unde	rlined part differs from
Question 1. A. motivated	• •	C. c <u>o</u> nfident	D. responsible
-	B. pleasure		
		idicate the word that differs	
	ess in each of the following q		
	B. dangerous		D. hesitate
•	B. motivate		D. teenager
•		ndicate the correct answer to	Ũ
questions.			
Question 5. The courses tr live independently.	y to get young people to fee	el in appl	ying new skills in order to
A. sure	B. confident	C. excited	D. interesting
Question 6. Teens should h	ave the ability to	loneliness.	
A. deal	B. cope with	C. set up	D. look after
Question 7. General	skills are part of	f being independent and respo	
A. house	B. housekeeper	C. housekeeping	D. house-making
Question 8. During our co	ourses, you write an indepen lanning, and financial manag	dent plan	to meet individual needs,
A. living	B. live	C. life	D. lived
Question 9. Parents can tea	ch their teen to	to achieve positive out	comes.
A. affect	B. succeed	C. encourage	D. struggle
Question 10. Effective	skills help yo	u break each project down in	to the achievable tasks.
A. time-keeping	B. time-consuming	C. time-management	D. time-line
Question 11. Their aim is to	o teach their son to become a	(n) and se	lf-reliant adult.
A. dependent	B. dependence	C. independence	D. independent
Question 12. All students a	re very at	bout the changes in the comin	g exams.
	B. well-known		
Question 13. We are alread	y two months behind	•	
A. arrangement	B. schedule	C. plan	D. date
Question 14. The problems	of, homel	essness and unemployment ar	e all interconnected.
	B. hopelessness		
Question 15. Carol showed	up for the meeting	I asked her not to be	there.
A. even though	B. despite		
	e fan the ro		
A. due to	B. despite		D. because
Question 17. The sky was a		, we went to the beach.	
A. Therefore	B. However		D. In spite of
Question 18. I ask Mary to	run the office while I'm awa	yI know I	can depend on her.
A. unless	B. since	C. although	
Question 19.	Nancy is an honest per	son, I still wonder whether sl	
the incident.			2
A. In spite of	B. Since	C. Though	D. In the event that

	-	l(s) CLOSEST in mean	ing to the underlined word(s) in each				
	<i>of the following questions.</i> Question 20. Most of the Imperial Citadel of Thang Long was <u>demolished</u> in the early 20th century.						
A. rebuilt	B. pulled down	C. put up	$\underline{\mathbf{a}}$ in the early 20th century. D. pulled up				
			1 1				
outstanding work of ar	-	white marble in Arga, in	dia. It is considered to be an				
A. noticeable	B. attractive	C. brilliant	D. significant				
			s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the				
	each of the following ques						
Question 22. Though b	uilt almost five hundred ye	ears ago, the church rem	ained practically <u>intact</u> .				
A. in perfection	B. in ruins	C. in chaos	D. in completion				
Question 23. Thousand	s of rural labourers moved	l to this neighbourhood,	making it overcrowded recently.				
A. badly-organized	B. sparsely populated	C. well-designed	D. narrowly-built				
Mark the letter A, B, C	, or D to indicate the unde	erlined part that needs c	orrection in each of the following				
questions.							
Question 24. These com	panies were accused on havin	<u>g released</u> a large amount o	f carbon dioxide into the atmosphere.				
Α	В	С	D				
Question 25. Lan studi	ed <u>hard</u> for the final test, <u>b</u>	<u>ut</u> she <u>passed</u> with flying	g colours.				
	A I	B C D					
Question 26. Jamie wa	s the last person <u>getting</u> on	the bus after the trip to	Ong Temple.				
Α	В	C D					
Mark the letter A, B, c,	or D to indicate the corre	ect response to each of the	he following exchanges.				
Question 27. "I love st	udying science as it allows	me to answer questions	about natural world." - ""				
A. No, I won't.	B. Neither do I	C. Yes, I like	it. D. So do I				
Question 28. – "How fa	ar is it from Hanoi City to	Ha Long Bay?" – "	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
A. Turn left and then turn right							
B. About one hundred and fifty kilometers at least							
C. No, it's rather far							
D. Yes, it's quite ne	ar here						
Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best							
fits each of the numbered blanks from 29 to 33.							
The World Wildlife Fund (WWF) has issued a stark warning about the future of the world's natural							
World Heritage sites. It says half of the sites are at (29) from different industries. The WWF warned							
			g for oil are endangering the future of				
			l logging and unsustainable water use.				
All of these are in addition to the damage being (32) by climate change. The WWF says the sites							

All of these are in addition to the damage being (32) _____ by climate change. The WWF says the sites affected include Australia's Great Barrier Reef, the Grand Canyon National Park in the USA, and China's Sichuan Giant Panda Sanctuaries, which are home (33) _____ more than 30 per cent of the world's endangered pandas.

Question 29. A. danger	B. risk	C. threat	D. harm
Question 30. A. actions	B. activists	C. activities	D. acts
Question 31. A. Other	B. Others	C. Another	D. The other
Question 32. A. made	B. brought	C. done	D. taken
Question 33. A. by	B. to	C. of	D. for

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 34 to 38.

Learning The Basics of Essential Life Skills

Living on your own might be something that you dream of achieving some day, but at the same time, the thought can be scary. You need an income, and then after that you need the survival skills to take care of yourself without anyone there to support you.

This guide will help prepare you for that transition so that some day you can live independently.

First, create a support network. We need people to be there for us and also to be honest with us and tell us how we can improve ourselves. Preferably, this network will extend beyond family members and include at least one close friend that you trust. Ultimately, when you are living on your own, you might encounter many obstacles you have never thought of and you will want someone there to be supportive of you and to help you as you navigate a life of independence.

Second, master your weaknesses. It is a good idea to try and be aware of your weaknesses. If possible, have your close friend tell you what they feel are your biggest weaknesses. It is also good to know your strengths, but it is your weaknesses that you need to work on. For instance, you might get very focused on playing video games for hours, maybe days at a time. While it is okay to play video games, playing them for days at a time when trying to live on your own can lead to you losing your job and also your house. So, it is important that you recognize your weaknesses and do your best to work with them.

Next, learn to balance your schedule. It is important to learn how to do multiple things in a day. You need to be flexible and willing to schedule time for activities, work, and social engagements.

Then, live a healthy lifestyle. You should exercise and try to eat healthily. You also have to maintain your hygiene, or you might find yourself out of a job.

Last but not least, follow your dreams and make them come true. Look through the newspapers and online and find that apartment or house that you desire to live in. Decide that you are going to move out and make it happen. Ultimately, living on your own is something that you have to make happen for yourself. So, decide that is what you want and don't allow anything to deter you from your goal.

Question 34. In order to live independently, you should

A. dream of achieving some day

B. need someone to support you in case of emergency

C. not have the scary thought without anyone there to support you

D. have a job and the necessary life skills

Question 35. The support network is very important because _____

A. we don't have any family member to trust or rely on

B. it helps us to improve ourselves and get over obstacles

C. we may think of obstacles and we want someone to be supportive of us

D. it can help us navigate a life of independence

Question 36. All of the following are correct about mastering your weaknesses EXCEPT that _____

A. you should know both your strengths and weaknesses

B. being aware of your weaknesses helps you avoid big mistakes

C. your friends can't recognize your weaknesses for you

D. you should recognize your weaknesses and get rid of them

Question 37. Learning to balance your schedule helps you _____

A. complete your tasks at work, at home and in society.

B. play video games for hours without worrying losing your job

C. be flexible and willing to recognize your weaknesses

D. learn how to do multiple things at work

Question 38. In order to make your dream of living independently come true, you have to ______

A. find an apartment online for your parents to move out

B. live by yourself instead of living with your parents

C. find yourself out of a job because of maintaining your hygiene

D. never allow anything to deter you from your healthy lifestyle

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 39 to 45.

Plants and animals will find it difficult to escape from or adjust to the effect of global warming, Scientists have already observed shifts in the lifecycles of many plants and animals, such as flowers blooming earlier and birds hatching earlier in the spring. Many species have begun shifting where they live or their annual migration patterns due to warmer temperatures.

With further warming, animals will tend to migrate toward the poles and up mountainsides toward higher elevations. Plants will also attempt to shift their ranges, seeking new areas as old habitats grow too warm. In many places, however, human development will prevent these shifts. Species that find cities or farmland blocking their way north or south may become extinct. Species living in unique ecosystems, such as **those** found in polar and mountaintop regions, are especially at risk because migration to new habitats is not possible. For example, polar bears and marine mammals in the Arctic are already threatened by dwindling sea ice but have nowhere farther to go.

Projecting species extinction due to global warming is extremely difficult. Some scientists have estimated that 20 to 50 percent of species could be committed to extinction with 2 to 3 Celsius degrees of further warming. The rate of warming, not just the magnitude, is extremely important for plants and animals. Some species and even entire ecosystems, such as certain types of forest, many not be able to adjust quickly enough and may disappear.

Ocean ecosystems, especially **fragile** ones like coral reefs, will also be affected by global warming. Warmer ocean temperatures can cause coral to "bleach", a state which if prolonged will lead to the death of the coral. Scientists estimate that even 1 Celsius degree of additional warming could lead to widespread bleaching and death of coral reefs around the world. Also increasing carbon dioxide in the atmosphere enters the ocean and increases the acidity of ocean waters. This acidification further stresses ocean ecosystems.

Question 39. Scientists have observed that warmer temperatures in the spring cause flowers to **B.** bloom earlier **A.** die instantly **C.** become lighter **D.** lose color **Question 40.** According to paragraph 2, when their habitats grow warmer, animals tend to move_____. A. south – eastwards and down mountainsides toward lower **B.** north – westwards and up mountainsides toward higher C. toward the North Pole and down mountainsides toward lower **D.** toward the poles and up mountainsides toward higher **Question 41.** The pronoun "those" in paragraph 2 refers to **C.** habitats A. species **B.** ecosystems **D.** areas Question 42. It is mentioned in the passage that if the global temperature rose by 2 or 3 Celcius degrees, **A.** half of the earth's surface would be **B.** the sea level would rise by 20 **D.** 20 to 50 percent of species could become **C.** water supply would decrease by 50 **Question 43.** The word "**fragile**" in paragraph 4 most probably means A. very large **B.** easily damaged **C.** rather strong **D.** pretty hard **Question 44.**The level of acidity in the ocean is increased by . A. the rising amount of carbon dioxide entering the ocean **B.** the decrease of acidity of the pole **C.** the extinction of species in coastal **D.** the loss of acidity in the atmosphere around the **Question 45.** What does the passage mainly discuss?

- A. Influence of climate changes on human
- B. Effects of global warming on animals and plants

C. Global warming and possible solutions

D. Global warming and species

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 46. "If I have more free time, I will visit you tomorrow," he said.

A. He said that if he had more free time, he would visit me the following day.

B. He said that if he has more free time, he will visit you the following day.

C. He said if I had more free time, I would visit you the following day.

D. He said that if he had more free time, he would visit me the day before.

Question 47. Our school started building a new canteen in June. They are still building it now.

A. Our school have started building a new canteen from June till now.

B. Our school have been building a new canteen since June.

C. Our school have built a new canteen now since starting in June.

D. Our school are building the new canteen which started in June.

Question 48. The Citadel of the Ho Dynasty, which is located in Thanh Hoa Province, was added to UNESCO's World Heritage List in 2011.

A. Locating in Thanh Hoa Province, the Citadel of the Ho Dynasty was added to UNESCO's World Heritage List in 2011.

B. Located in Thanh Hoa Province, the Citadel of the Ho Dynasty was added to UNESCO's World Heritage List in 2011.

C. The Citadel of the Ho Dynasty, that is located in Thanh Hoa Province, was added to UNESCO's World Heritage List in 2011.

D. The Citadel of the Ho Dynasty, locating in Thanh Hoa Province, was added to UNESCO's World Heritage List in 2011.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 49. Mai had forgotten to turn off the light in her bedroom before she left. Her mother blamed her for that.

A. Mai's mother blamed her for having turned off the light in her bedroom before she left.

B. Mai's mother turned off the light in her bedroom because she had forgotten to do so before she left.

C. Mai's mother blamed her for having forgotten to turn off the light in her bedroom before she left.

D. Mai's mother didn't blame her for having remembered to turn off the light in her bedroom before she left. **Question 50.** Mary finished all her homework. Then, she played badminton with her sister.

A. Mary had played badminton with her sister before she finished all her homework.

B. Mary finished all her homework after she played badminton with her sister.

C. Finished all her homework, Mary had played badminton with her sister.

D. Having finished all her homework, Mary played badminton with her sister.

- THE END -